

Course offerings 25/26 | SS26

Study programme description

Doctorat

Biology

Degree conferred

Scientiarum doctor in biologia / Doctor of Philosophy in Biology (PhD)

Commencement of studies

An application for admission may be submitted at any time.

Regulation

http://studies.unifr.ch/go/Pm-6g (French and German only)

Application procedure
Candidates with Swiss qualifications
https://studies.unifr.ch/go/Ui3b4
Candidates with foreign qualifications
https://studies.unifr.ch/go/2KPbe

Fribourg profile

The Department of Biology offers a PhD curriculum in Biology. This programme is fully given in English and comprises a personal research project to be taken over 3-4 years. It also includes seminars and lectures according to the bylaws of the *Fribourg Graduate School of Life Sciences and Medicine (FGLM)*.

The biology laboratories at the University of Fribourg investigate three main areas of research:

Ecology and Evolution

This research area investigates organismic biology with a special focus on ecology and evolution. Current research interests include food web structure, conservation biology, invasive species, agroecology, eco-evolutionary feedbacks, life-history evolution, inbreeding depression, evolution in fragmented habitats, genome evolution, and population genetics. The organisms investigated are whole food webs, fruit flies (*Drosophila melanogaster*), as well as plants such as relatives of Arabidopsis (*Arabis*, *Biscuttella*) and grasses (*Aegilops*).

Neuro- and Developmental Biology

The laboratories investigate the mechanisms that govern animal development and the structure and function of the nervous system in the following model systems: The fruit fly *Drosophila melanogaster*, the nematode *Caenorhabditis elegans*, the zebra fish *Danio rerio* and the mouse. Research topics include molecular aspects of regeneration, cell differentiation in somatic and germ line tissues, neuronal outgrowth and connectivity, the function of neuronal circuits, behaviour, chemoreceptors, and aging. The tools employed are molecular genetics, molecular biology, protein analysis, microscopy and imaging, behavioural analysis and many more.

Plant and microbial sciences

This area emphasises the cellular and molecular aspects of pathogenic and symbiotic plant-microbe interactions. The research groups focus on aspects ranging from plant-microbe communication, initiation of defences, metabolic and hormonal adjustments, and the effects of various microbes on plant nutrition, growth and health. Current tools comprise molecular biology, reverse genetics, imaging, analytics, and biochemistry. The training both in practical and theoretical areas will prepare the PhD students for the challenge of the professional world.

PhD students learn how to conduct a research project in an independent manner. They will also learn how to interpret scientific data and to present them. Furthermore, students are expected to be able to think independently about their research topic, to trouble-check their experiments, evaluate their data and put them into a general context, and of course to work in a team. PhD students participate at national and international scientific meetings in order to broaden their knowledge and to establish a scientific and social network.

PhD students in the Department of Biology are remunerated according to standards of the Faculty of Science and Medicine.

To register to the doctoral programme, candidates select a laboratory in which they plan to carry out their PhD (see Contact). They read the relevant publications and then contact the group leader to ask for a possible opening.

Alternatively, candidates look for openings that are posted by the FGLM. The selection procedure is carried out twice a year. It comprises a 15-minute oral presentation and discussions with the various group leaders.

A non-exhaustive list of laboratories includes:

• Prof. Louis-Félix Bersier

- Biodiversity and community structure
- Metacommunities
- Food webs
- Conservation
- Dynamics of multitrophic systems in mesocosms
- Modellina

Prof. Thomas Flatt

- Experimental evolutionary genetics in Drosophila
- Population genetics and genomics of adaptations
- Evolution of fitness components, life-history evolution
- Climate adaptation along clines / environmental gradients
- The role of chromosomal inversions in adaptation
- Evolution and mechanisms of aging and longevity
- Evolution and mechanisms of body size
- Mechanisms of life-history trade-offs

· Prof. Dominique Glauser

- Functional analysis of the Caenorhabditis elegans neural circuit
- Molecular and cellular mechanisms of pain
- Identification of evolutionarily conserved pain genes



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- Transcriptomics in nociceptor neurons
- Caenorhabditis elegans phosphoproteome

• Prof. Anna Jazwinska

- Mechanisms of fin, heart and retina regeneration in zebrafish

· Prof.Christian Parisod

- Plant evolutionary ecology
- Range shifts under environmental changes
- Population genomics of adaptation across heterogeneous landscapes
- Adaptive radiation following polyploidy
- Genome evolution and speciation

· Prof. Stefanie Ranf

- Sensing and control of microbial colonisation by plant cell-surface immune receptors
- Identification of cell-surface immune receptors and their ligands
- Mechanisms of cell-surface immune receptor signalling
- Role of bacterial lipopolysaccharide cell wall components in plant colonisation
- Translational research on plant disease resistance engineering

· Prof. Simon Sprecher

- Development and specification of photoreceptor neurons in the larva
- Genetic control of sensory receptor gene expression switch during metamorphosis
- Dissecting of the neuronal circuit for vision in the Drosophila larva: identifying neurons and their synaptic connectivity
- Dissecting of the neuronal circuit for vision in the Drosophila larva: function of neurons in light-guided navigation and visual learning and memory formation
- Proliferation control of neural cells in development
- Neuroanatomy of an ant brain: insights into differences of a cast system
- Super resolution imaging to identify synaptic connections
- Systems biology of forgetting

· Prof. Laure Weisskopf

- The role of volatile compounds in microbial interactions
- The impact of the microbiome on plant health
- New strategies for biological control of plant diseases

Please refer to the internet link below for a complete an updated list (see Contact).

Studies organisation

Structure of studies

No ECTS credits can be earned.

Doctoral school

http://studies.unifr.ch/go/phd-fglm

Admission

In order to be admitted to a doctorate the candidate must have been awarded an academic **bachelor's and master's degree** or an equivalent qualification from a university recognised by the University of Fribourg.

Before applying for a doctorate the candidate must contact **a professor** who would be willing to supervise the thesis work.

There is no general right to be admitted to a doctorate.

The respective conditions of admission for each doctoral study programme are reserved.

Contact

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Doc-Postdoc-portal

http://www.unifr.ch/phd